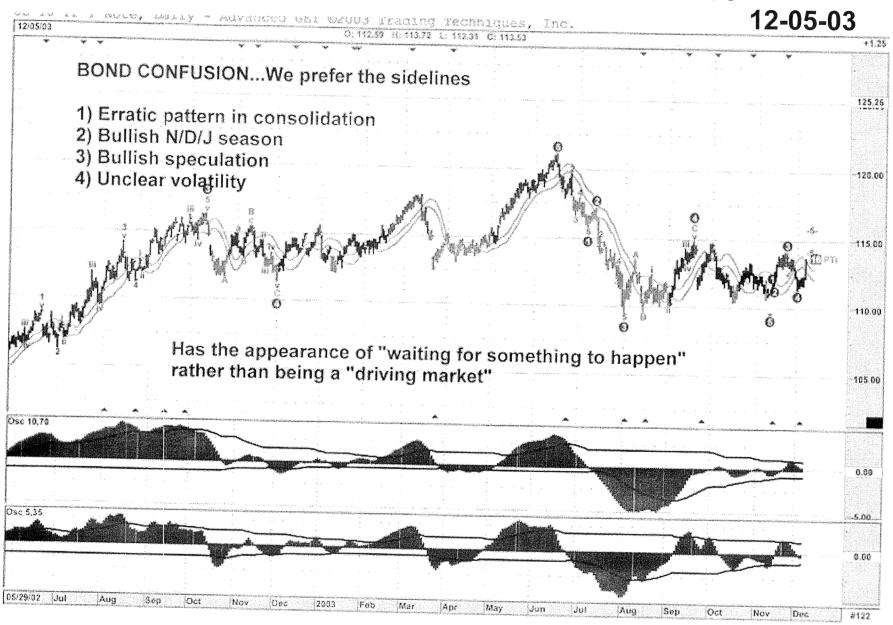
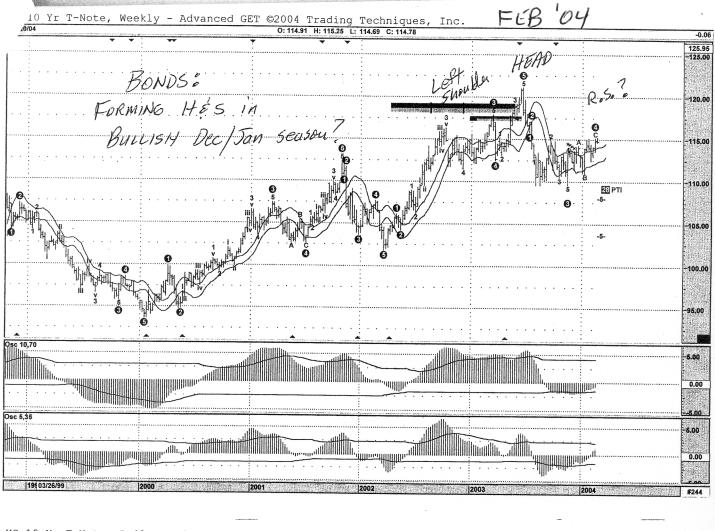
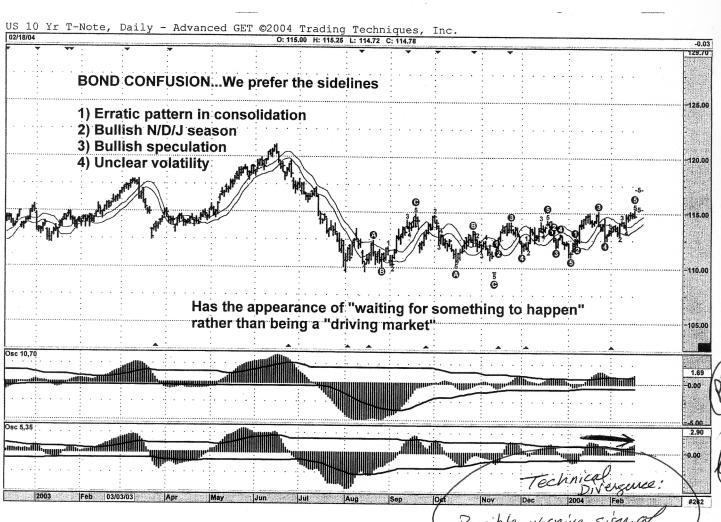
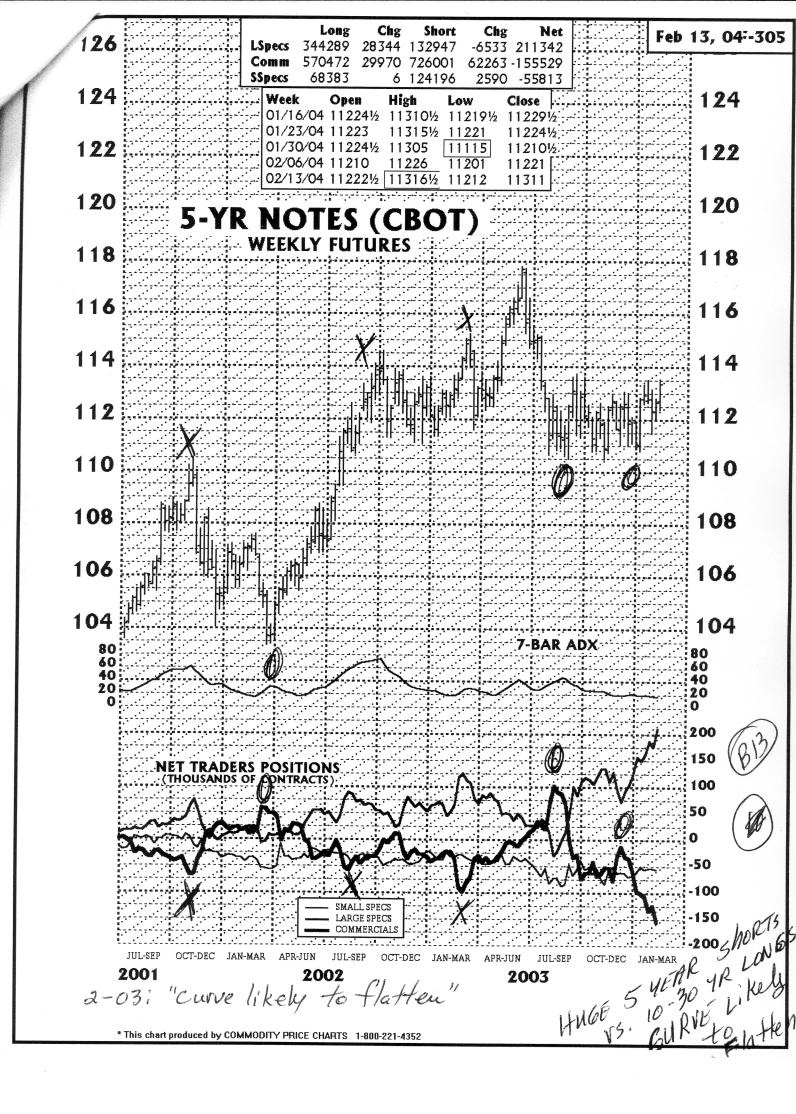
BOND PATTERNS ARE VERY ERRATIC

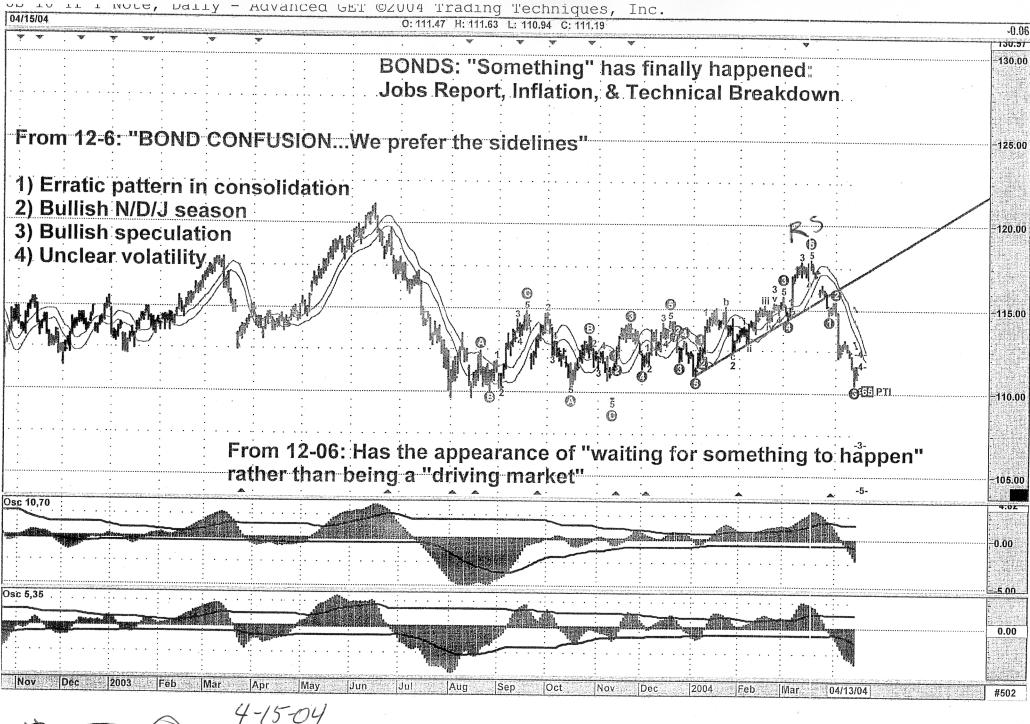






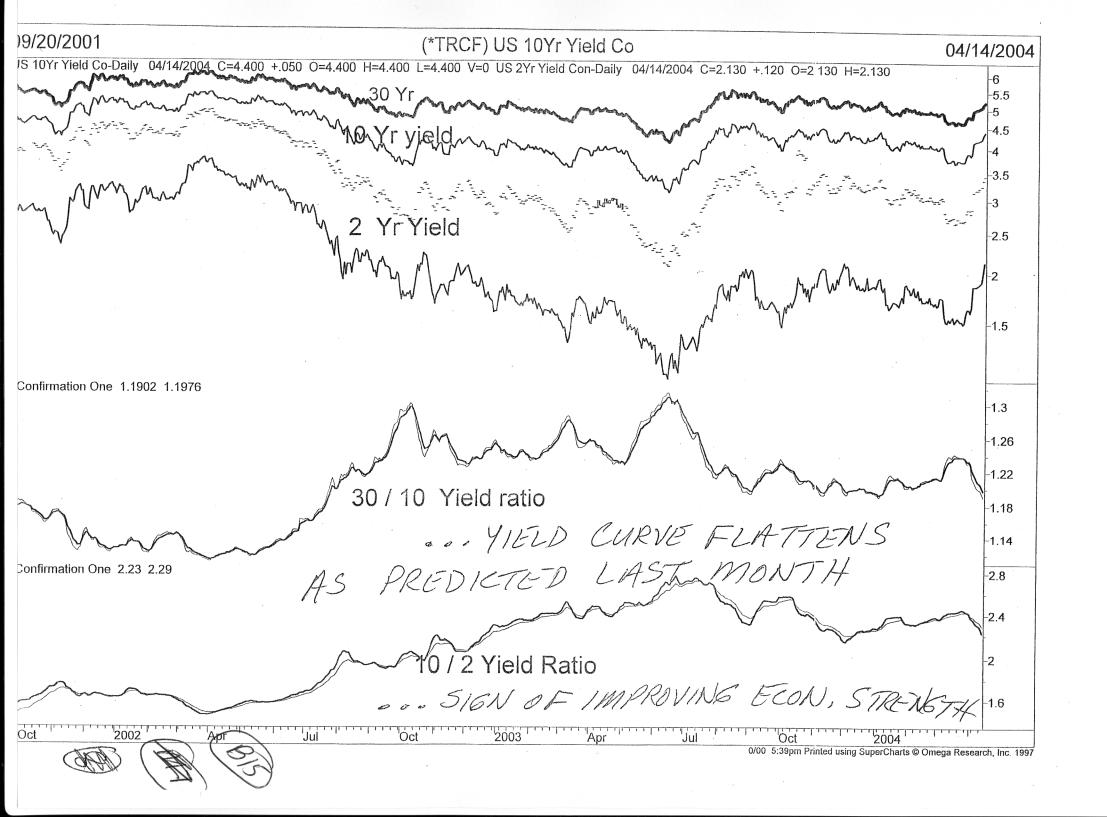


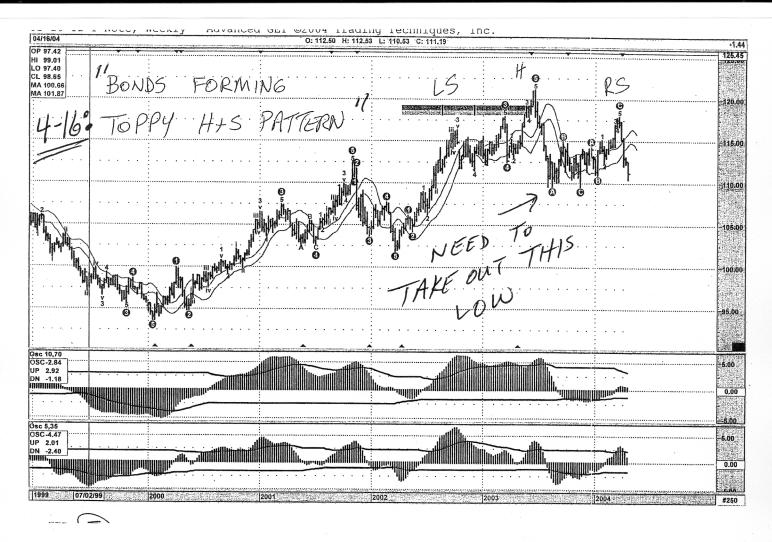


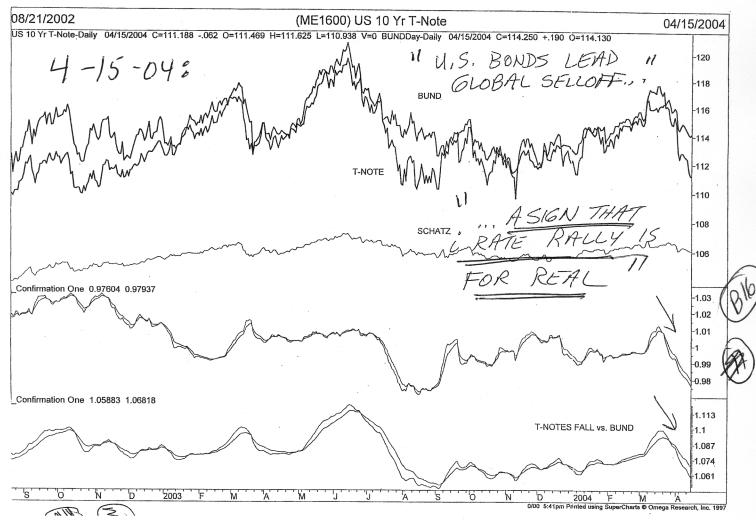


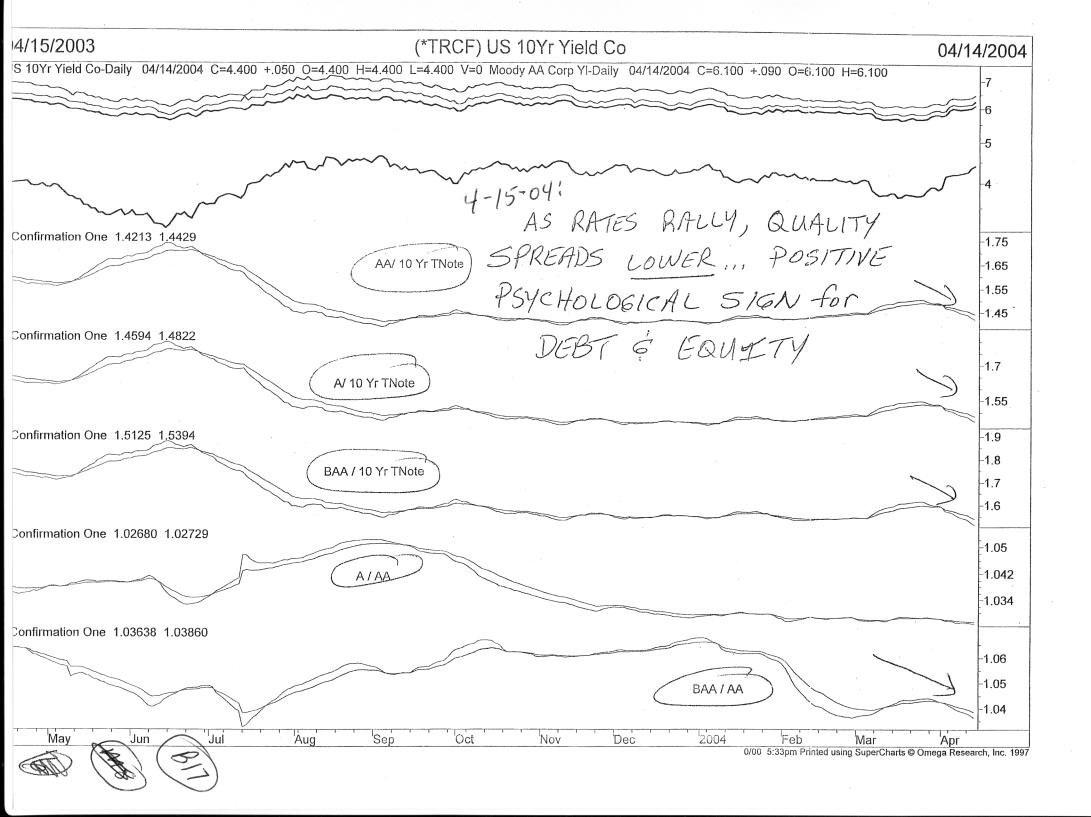


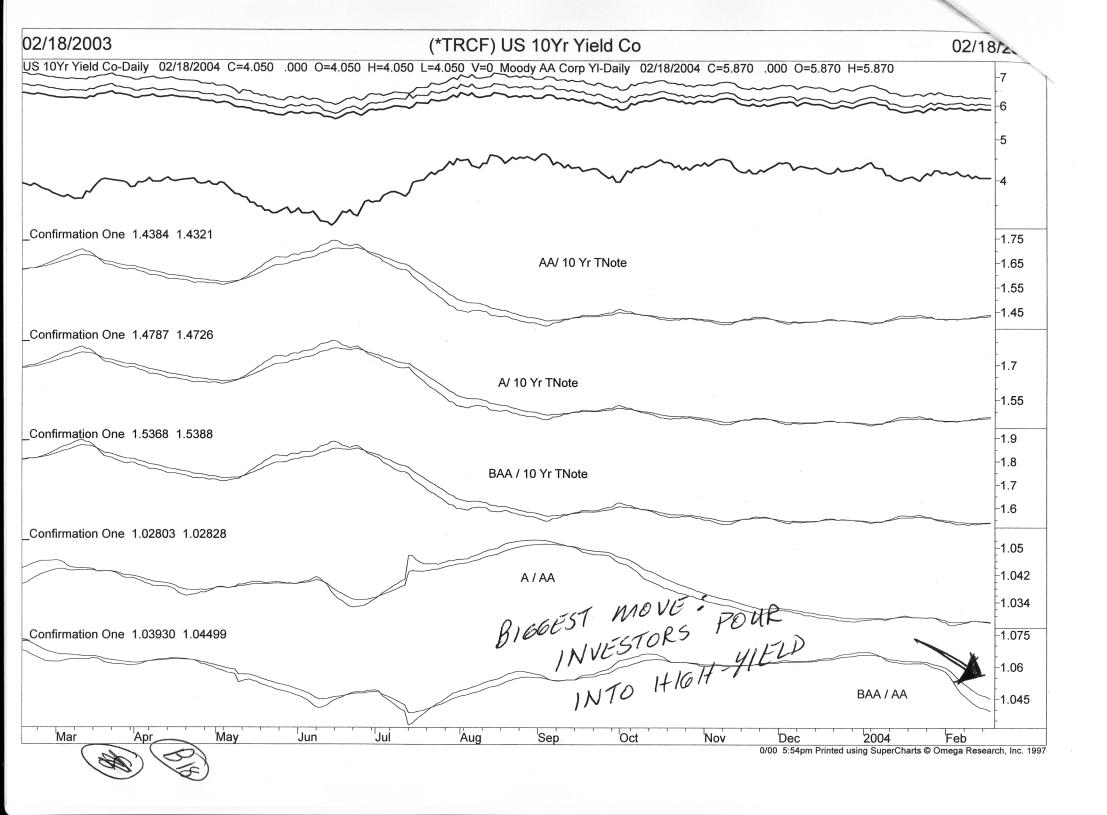
4-15-04











II. BOND STRATEG

Porto II +III +Charts JAN/04 issur.

- The Fed acknowledged this month that output is expanding briskly, the labor market is improving and deflation risks are receding. The yield curve will shift higher in the coming months as the Fed moves incrementally toward a tightening bias. Maintain portfolio duration at minimum (Table II-1).
- Most spread products outperformed again this past month led by high-yield and municipal bonds (Table II-2).
- High-yield bonds have reached our target of 410 basis points. Cut exposure to slightly overweight. Nevertheless, high-yield bonds should continue to outperform Treasurys due to the more than 400 basis points in yield pick-up.
- Investment-grade spreads are relatively tight, but unlikely to widen given the current positive fundamentals. An overweight allocation is still warranted; investors should favor higher beta intermediate-quality (A- and BBB-rated) credit tiers.
- MBS valuation has deteriorated but remains relatively attractive relative to other high-quality spread products.
- Breakeven inflation rates are near the top of their range. We maintain our overweight allocation to TIPS since they are likely to outperform conventional Treasury securities as yields rise.
- Municipal bonds generated strong excess returns again this month. The municipal/Treasury yield ratio has surpassed our target of 87% and we recommend reducing exposure to neutral.

TABLE II-1 Recommended Portfolio Specification

CONTRACTOR AND A STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE						
Portfolio Duration:	Maximum Underweight (1 out of 5)					
Portfolio Allocation:		O Americk verbround deuter schaffen geste gelter die eine gestellt die bei zu de 1900 de 2000 eine eine	Construction of the sequence o	MACAMARAM TO NOT CONTROLLED THE SECURICAL AND		
<u>Sector</u>	Investment Stance*	Remarks				

<u>Sector</u>	Investment Stance*	Remarks
Treasurys Spread Product	2 4	Maintain barbell portfolio structure; overweight TIPS.
Corporates	4	Favor high-beta, BBB issues.
High-Yield	\$ 4	Cut exposure to slightly overweight; favor lower credit tiers.
Agencies	2	Favor subordinates and callables.
Mortgages	4	Favor high-coupon and seasoned securities.
Municipals	A 3	Reduce exposure to neutral.

Recommended portfolio weighting relative to benchmark.

3

Legend:

Cash

1 – Maximum Underweight

2 - Underweight

3 - At Benchmark

- Overweight

5 – Maximum Overweight

B.C.A. beginstings Bovern Corporate

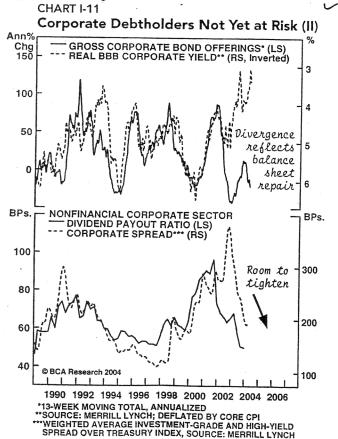
12 U.S. FIXED INCOME ANALYST January 2004

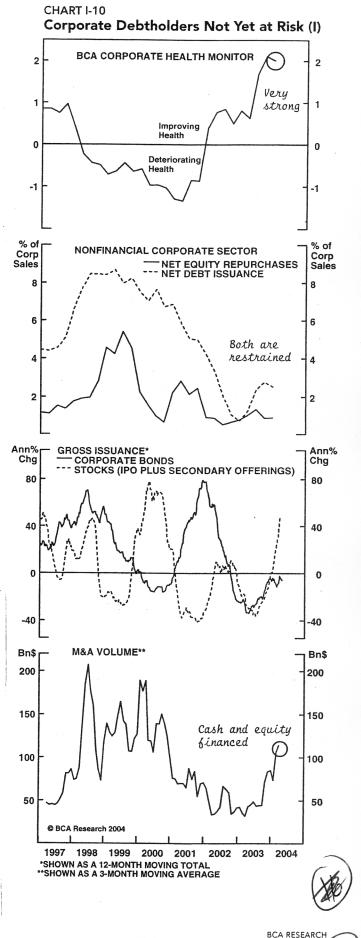
U.S. Corporate Bonds: How Much Further to Run?

Corporate credit quality continues to improve. Moody's Investors Service reported a big drop in the trailing default rate for corporate bonds for the 12-months ended in March. The recovery rates on defaulted debt have also bounced back, pushing the net loss on defaulted debt down to 2.2%, its lowest level since 1998. The improving trend in ratings migration shows that the rating agencies are acknowledging improved credit quality, albeit with a lag. Rating downgrades still outnumber upgrades, but downgrades accounted for 59% of total ratings changes in the first quarter, representing a 5½-year low.

Spreads will come under upward pressure as the Fed's message gradually changes from dovish to neutral, and then to hawkish. Historically, the onset of Fed rate hikes has often been positive for corporate spreads because rising interest rates usually occur against a backdrop of strong economic growth, robust corporate profits and a healthy stock market. Nonetheless, spreads often began those tightening cycles at wide levels, which is unlike the situation today. Thus, the risk facing corporate bond spreads will climb as the first Fed rate hike approaches. However, we may not jump to take profits if measures of corporate quality are still improving.

Most of the corporate bond outperformance is behind us for this cycle, but we see no signs that spreads are in danger of widening in the near term. Nonfinancial cor-





A 5 04/40/0004	Total Return		Projected Return 6-Month Horizon				
As of 04/19/2004	Past Month	Past Year	Year- to-Date	Yields:Up 50 BRs	Yields Down	Duration ¹	Risk²
Treasury Bills	0.08%	1.05%	0.28%	0.5%	0.5%	0.2	0.19/
Treasury Master	-2.71%	2.07%	0.38%	-0.9%	4.4%	5.5	0.1%
Treasury Notes	-1.64%	2.12%	0.39%	-0.2%	3.0%	•	5.6%
Treasury Bonds	-5.38%	1.79%	0.23%	-2.6%	8.1%	3.3	3.4%
2-Year Treasury	-0.74%	2.05%	0.33%	0.1%	2.0%	11.0	10.7%
5-Year Treasury	-2.65%	2.66%	0.43%	-0.5%	4.0%	1.9	1.9% .
10-Year Treasury	-4.25%	1.57%	0.46%	-1.7%	6.3%	4.6	5.6%
30-Year Treasury	-6.32%	0.59%	-0.29%	-4.1%	10.1%	8.0	8.8%
Agency Master	-1.94%	2.26%	0.57%	-0.3%	3.7%	14.5	12.9%
Corporate Master	-2.57%	6.05%	0.73%	-0.5%	5.2%	4.0	4.1%
AAA-Rated Corporates	-2.51%	3.87%	0.76%	-0.7%	4.9%	5.8	5.6%
AA-Rated Corporates	-2.19%	3.43%	0.68%	-0.4%	4.9%	5.7	5.6%
A-Rated Corporates	-2.69%	4.42%	0.68%	-0.4%	5.0%	4.6	4.9%
BBB Rated Corporates	-2.54%	8.26%	0.78%	-0.4%	5.6%	5.7	5.6%
High-Yield ³	-0.05%	17.93%	1.91%	1.6%	6.1%	6.2	5.8%
BB-Rated Corporates	-0.98%	14.84%	2.06%	0.5%		4.6	3.2%
B-Rated Corporates	0.25%	16.59%	1.80%	1.5%	5.5%	5.0	2.9%
TIPS	-2.67%	8.99%	2.19%	-2.2%	6.0%	4.5	3.6%
Mortgages ⁵	-1.07%	2.99%	0.83%	-0.4%		8.9	6.9%
Municipals ⁶	-3.06%	5.43%		-0.470	4.5%	3.5	3.2%
S&P 500	1.84%	29.70%	4.06%	Hi Yield	119 DE	C* \ 7.1	4.7% 9.4%

Bond Performance During Major Bear Markets (Total Return)*

		<u>.</u>			
	Jan 1987 to Oct 1987	Feb 1988 to Mar 1989	Oct 1993 to Dec 1994	Oct 1998 to Feb 2000	Average
Change in Treasury Note Yield**	220 bps	252 bps	352 bps	252 bps	272 bps
Mortgages Master	-2.5%	10.5%	-0.9%	1.4%	2.1%
15-Year***			-3.0%	0.6%	
30-Year***	-6.1%	2.3%	-5.2%	-1.6%	
Treasury Notes**	-0.7%	3.1%	-2.6%	-0.4%	-0.1%
Agencies**	-0.8%	3.6%	-1.8%	0.2%	0.3%
Bullets				-2.5%	
Callables				1.3%	
Corporates**					
AAA-AA rated	-1.5%	5.1%	-3.5%	-1.2%	-0.3%
BBB-A rated	-0.8%	5.3%	-2.9%	-0.4%	0.3%
High-Yield	-1.7%	11.9%	0.4%	4.3%	3.7%

Source: Merrill Lynch, not duration matched

BCA RESEARCH

¹⁻¹⁰ years to maturity Ginnie Mae, current coupon